LOYOLA COLLEGE (AUTONOMOUS), CHENNAI – 600 034



B.Com. DEGREE EXAMINATION – **COMMERCE**

FOURTH SEMESTER - APRIL 2023

UCO 4603 - MANAGING INNOVATION

Da	ate: 06-05-2023 Dept. No.	Max.: 100 Marks
Tiı	me: 09:00 AM - 12:00 NOON	
	SECTION A - K1 (CO1)	
	Answer ALL the Questions	$(10 \times 1 = 10)$
1.	Multiple Choice Questions	$(5 \times 1 = 5 \text{ Marks})$
a)	Focusing on is called Exploratory innovation.	
	a. Risk Taking	
	b. Radical thinking	
	c. Experimentation	
	d. All of these	
b)	Exploitative innovation is the of existing products and processes.	
	a. Enhancement	
	b. Reuse	
	c. Recycle	
<u>a)</u>	d. All of these Creative potential is the to generate ideas.	
c)	a. Skills	
	b. Capacity	
	c. Abilities	
	d. All of the above	
d)	Which of these are benefits to a business when buying new technology?	
	a. Higher efficiency	
	b. Low initial costs	
	c. Increased output	
	d. Less human error	
	e. Higher maintenance and repair costs	
e)	One legal protection for taking the lead in innovation is	
	a. venture capital	
	b. Trademarks	
	c. trade secrets	
	d. mergers	
2.	Answer in one word	$(5 \times 1 = 5 \text{ Marks})$
a)	Identify Joint Venture	
<u>b)</u>	State two main types of company funding.	
c)	Indicate what focuses on risk taking, radical thinking, and experimentation	ion is called?
<u>d)</u>	Recall Invention	
e)	Recognize IPR	
	SECTION A - K2 (CO1)	/4.0
	Answer ALL the Questions	$(10 \times 1 =$
3.	10) Fill in the blanks	$(5 \times 1 = 5 \text{ Marks})$
a)	An exclusive right to sell any new and useful process, machine, or	$(3 \times 1 - 3)$ Wiaiks)
(a)	product for a set number of years is called	
b)	Innovation is best defined as	
c)	innovation is a series of small improvements or upgrades n	nade to a company's
()	existing products and services	nade to a company s
	existing products and services	

generally comes from well of investors, investment banks and any financial institution	
that pool similar partnership	
The is a simple array in which experts compare an idea with set of criteria.	
True or False $(5 \times 1 = 5 \text{ Marks})$	
Innovation is the development and successful implementation of fresh, new ideas.	
Creativity is the generation of meaningful ideas by individuals or teams.	
The R & D department is nowadays of no importance in business because the amount of	
competition, production processes and methods are on the decline.	
 Practiced creativity is the ability to spot opportunities to apply problem-solving skills in the workplace. New innovations can be destructive as well as beneficial to business 	
SECTION B - K3 (CO2)	
Answer any TWO of the following in 100 words $(2 \times 10 =$	
20)	
Discuss why is innovation so important to an organisation? Provide	
relevant examples	
Analyse "innovation as a core business process"	
Illustrate various innovation techniques with examples	
Examine the Three C's model of entrepreneurial success	
SECTION C – K4 (CO3)	
Answer any TWO of the following in 100 words (2 x 10 = 20)	
Distinguish between creativity and innovation.	
Summarise the following terms: a. geographical indicators b. Copy rights c. Industrial designs d.	
Summarise the following terms: a. geographical indicators b. Copy rights c. Industrial designs d Patent infringement	
Analyse the various economic aspects of innovation management.	
Sketch the importance of creativity.	
SECTION D – K5 (CO4)	
Answer any ONE of the following in 250 words $(1 \times 20 = 20)$	
Demonstrate innovation process with examples	
Explain various factors affecting creativity and the process of creativity with examples	
SECTION E – K6 (CO5)	
Answer any ONE of the following in 250 words $(1 \times 20 =$	
20)	
a. Interpret any five parriers to innovation with examples.	
a. Interpret any five barriers to innovation with examples. b. Describe the design thinking process in detail with examples.	
b. Describe the design thinking process in detail with examples,	

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